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Marshal KIM IL SUNG
Receives Chinese People's Friendship Delegation

PYONGYANG, Oct. 24 (KCNA) —Comrade Kim Il Sung received on Oct. 24 the Chinese people's friendship delegation which is on a visit to our country.

Present there were the members of the delegation with Comrade Tseng Ssu-yu, Member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, Commander of the Wuhan Units of the Chinese People's Liberation Army and Chairman of the Hupeh Provincial Revolutionary Committee, as its head, and Comrade Chen Hsien-jui, Member of the CPC Central Committee and Political Commissar of the PLA Peking Units, as its deputy head.

Comrades Pak Sung Chul, Yang Hyong Sop and Han Ik Su; Ho Dam, Minister of Foreign Affairs; and Choe Yun Su, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Korea-China Friendship Association and Minister of Finance were present on the occasion.

Li Yun-chuan, Ambassador of the People's Republic of China to our country, was also present.

Comrade Kim Il Sung had a cordial and friendly talk with the guests.

Marshal KIM IL SUNG Attends
Banquet Given by Chinese Ambassador

PYONGYANG, Oct. 27 (KCNA) —Li Yun-chuan, Ambassador of the People's Republic of China to Korea, arranged a banquet at his Embassy on the evening of October 26 in connection with the visit of the Chinese people's friendship delegation to our country.

Invited to the banquet was the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Also invited were Comrades Pak Sung Chul, Kim Dong Gyu, Yang Hyong Sop, Chong Jun Taek and Han Ik Su; and Kang Ryang Uk, vice-President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly and Chairman of the Central Committee of the North Korean Democratic Party; Pak Sin Dok, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Religious Chongu Party; Presidium members of the Central Committee of the Fatherland Front; Ho Dam, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Ministers of the Cabinet and other responsible functionaries of Party and government organs and public organizations and generals and officers of the Korean People's Army.

Present there were the members of the Chinese people's friendship delegation with Comrade Tseng Ssu-yu, Member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, Commander of the Wuhan Units of the Chinese People's Liberation Army and Chairman of the Hupeh Provincial Revolutionary Committee, as its head, and with Comrade Chen Hsien-jui, Member of the CPC Central Committee and Political Commissar of the PLA Peking Units, as its deputy head.

Also present were staff members of the Chinese Embassy in Pyongyang, Miao Chieh, Chief of the Liaison Office of the Chinese People's Volunteers to the Military Armistice Commission, and its members and the members of the visiting ocean shipping delegation of the China Ocean Shipping Company.

When Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of our people, appeared in the banquet hall, guided by head of the delegation Tseng Ssu-yu and Ambassador Li Yun-chuan, the entire attendants rose to their feet all at once and warmly welcomed him with stormy applause.

Comrade Tseng Ssu-yu, head of the Chinese people's friendship delegation, and Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Second vice-Premier of the Cabinet, made speeches at the banquet.

The entire attendants of the banquet drank toasts to the ever-lasting, militant friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Chinese peoples, to the health of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean people and a close friend of the Chinese people, and to the health of Comrade Mao Tse-tung, the great Leader of the Chinese people and a close friend of the Korean people, and to the health of Comrade Lin Piao.

The banquet proceeded in an atmosphere overflowing with the firm determination and militant friendship of the Korean and Chinese peoples who have fought together against U.S. and Japanese imperialism for a long time and won victories together, their determination to fight shoulder to shoulder to the last in the future, too, against U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism, the common enemies, and win victory.

We Warmly Congratulate Workers' Party of Korea Led by Great Leader on Its 5th Congress

EDITORIAL

We warmly congratulate the glorious Workers' Party of Korea on its 5th Congress.

The 5th WPK Congress is to open in Pyongyang, the capital of the revolution on Nov. 2.

It is engaging the attention of the entire Korean people in the northern and southern halves of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and all the Korean nationals living in Japan.

The fraternal peoples of the socialist countries and hundreds of millions of international friends in five continents are extending congratulations to the Workers' Party of Korea on its 5th Congress. Their attention is focussed on Pyongyang.

All the 600,000 Korean nationals in Japan together with the people in the homeland, with boundless pride and joy, salute the 5th WPK Congress and extend the warmest congratulations and greatest honour to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who founded the WPK and has led it.

This Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, the General Staff of the Korean revolution, is destined to become an historic event of great significance in the development of the Korean revolution and the world revolution.

To all intents and purposes, the 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea will go down in history as a major milestone in the development of the Korean revolution and become a big auspicious occasion to the Korean people.

Well aware of this significance, all the people in the northern half of the DPRK have pressed ahead with socialist construction at "Kangson speed," a new Chollima speed, in an effort to greet the 5th WPK Congress with higher political zeal and greater success in work. They have successfully unfurled a victory banner on every height of the ambitious Seven-Year Plan. The working people in factories, mines, cooperative farms and fishery offices have produced gifts of labour to be presented to the 5th Congress.

The South Korean revolutionaries and patriotic people are greeting the Congress with a burning heart, while waging determined anti-U.S., national salvation struggles in various forms in cities and villages, underground, in mountains, even behind iron bars and in courts. They look up to Marshal Kim Il Sung as the sun of the nation.

Korean nationals in Japan are significantly greeting the 5th WPK Congress by effecting a great upsurge in the struggle for the defence of their democratic, national rights and for the promotion of the independent unification of the fatherland through the massive "120-Day Innovation Movement," which they have conducted upholding the Leader's teachings.

The period from the 4th WPK Congress up to this day has witnessed many an event of historic significance in the development of the Korean revolution. In this period impressive advances have been made in the revolution and construction.

This period is a period during which brilliant results have been achieved in the struggle to consolidate politically and ideologically the Workers' Party of Korea, the General Staff of the revolution, and build up the strong revolutionary ranks.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said:

"It is the decisive guarantee for victory in the revolutionary struggle as well as the construction work to build up the revolutionary force, that is, to fortify the Party, the general staff of the revolution, and rally the broad masses of the people around it."

Educational work has been intensively conducted to firmly arm all the WPK members with the great revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung and with the Party lines and policies which are embodiments of his ideas. Its internal organizational and ideological unity has been firmly ensured. Its organization has become far stronger.

So, the Workers' Party of Korea has grown into an invincible Party. Over 1.6 million members of the Party from the cells to the Central Committee have acquired the unitary ideological system of the Party which enables them to think and act in accordance with the thought and will of Marshal Kim Il Sung, defend the Leader with their lives and unconditionally defend and implement his teachings.

The WPK has thoroughly carried out Marshal Kim Il Sung's original line on the revolutionization and working-classization of the whole society. Its principal weapon has been the ideological revolution. It has strengthened the state and social system and achieved a tighter political and ideological cohesion of the entire people.

The unity and cohesion of the entire Party membership and revolutionary ranks rallied rock-firm behind Marshal Kim Il Sung on the basis of his great revolutionary ideas, *Juche* ideas—this is the biggest victory the WPK has won in the past period under review.

The skilful application of Marshal Kim Il Sung's revolutionary line of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence has made it possible for the Korean people to win in the hard-fought war against the vicious enemy U.S. imperialists and their lackeys and made epochal progress in increasing the political, economic and military might of the country.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said:

"The fundamental task of the Seven-Year Plan is to achieve all-round technical reconstruction and cultural revolution and to radically improve the people's living conditions relying on the triumphant socialist system. We must implement socialist industrialization, equip all

(Continued on page 4)

ANNOUNCEMENT

A combined number of the Nov. 11 and 18 issues of THE PEOPLE'S KOREA will be published featuring the 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea which is in session since Nov. 2 in Pyongyang, the capital of the revolution.

"Brief History of Revolutionary Activities of Comrade KIM IL SUNG" (16)

In the early days of economic construction, Comrade Kim Il Sung, on the basis of the economic programme set forth in the Ten-Point Programme of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland during the anti-Japanese armed struggle, advanced the great line of building an independent national economy for the first time in history.

In his concluding speech delivered on February 20, 1947 at the Congress of the Provincial, City and County People's Committees of North Korea, Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"To build an independent democratic state, the basis of an independent economy of one's own nation should be laid firmly without fail, and to lay the firm basis of an independent economy the national economy should be developed rapidly. Without the basis of an independent economy we can neither achieve independence nor can build the state nor can maintain our existence."

Later, Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows as to what is meant by the building of an independent national economy:

"The building of an independent national economy means developing the economy in a diversified way, equipping it with up-to-date techniques and creating our own firm raw material bases, thus building up a comprehensive economic system in which all branches are organically interlinked with each other, so as to turn out domestically, in the main, the heavy and light industrial products and agricultural produce needed for making the country rich and strong and improving the people's livelihood."

The line of building an independent national economy, an embodiment of Comrade Kim Il Sung's great idea of *Juche*, is an original line which nobody had ever presented in history; it is a most correct line of economic construction, which makes it possible to ensure the political independence, prosperity and development of the country, eliminate inequality between nations, achieve national prosperity and to successfully build socialism and communism.

Indeed, the line of building an independent national economy mapped out by Comrade Kim Il Sung is a revolutionary line of economic construction which most correctly expresses the lawful requirements of national independence and socialist and communist construction.

Based upon the Party's economic policy for the early stage of the transition period and the line of building an independent national economy set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung, a national economic plan was drawn up for the first time in the history of our country.

Comrade Kim Il Sung called the whole Party and the entire people to the fulfilment of the national economic plan for 1947 and that for 1948 for laying the foundation of an independent national economy.

In response to the call of the Leader, the entire working people came out as one in the struggle for the pre-schedule fulfilment of the national economic plans.

There were many difficulties, however, on the way of fulfilling the national economic plans.

Owing to the evil colonial rule of the Japanese imperialists, the industry of our country had suffered from colonial lop-sidedness and distortion in the past, and even that was severely destroyed by the Japanese imperialists.

We lacked also the economic and technical workers and administrative cadres.

The U.S. imperialists and the reactionaries at home resorted to all possible manoeuvres to impede the fulfilment of our first national economic plan and the factionalists carped at the execution of the planned economy in every possible way, calling it "fantastic" or "absolutely infeasible."

But Comrade Kim Il Sung, tiding over all the difficulties and hardships with a firm conviction that the national economic plans could be fulfilled without fail, and with an indomitable fighting spirit and extraordinary revolutionary sweep, actively organized and mobilized the whole Party and the entire people to the fulfilment of the national economic plans.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught that for the successful accomplishment of the tasks confronting the Party, it was necessary, first of all, to raise the leading role of the Party and improve and strengthen Party work.

The Sixth Session of the Party Central Committee held in March 1947 under his direction discussed the question of improving and strengthening Party work in conformity to the new circumstances and took specific measures for the intensification of the Party's direction in carrying out the national economic plans.

The treatise **"The North Korean Workers' Party Greeting Its First Anniversary"** by Comrade Kim Il Sung and his speech **"On the Tasks of Our Party Organizations"** delivered at a conference of the North Korean Workers' Party organization of Sunchon county, South Pyongan Province, were of special importance for strengthening the Party organizationally and ideologically and raising the vanguard role of the Party members.

Besides the work of raising the leading role of the Party in economic construction, Comrade Kim Il Sung saw to it that the functions of the new-born government of the proletarian dictatorship were strengthened and its role as the economic organizer was raised, and he propelled more energetically the general ideological mobilization movement for national construction to arouse the masses to the struggle for building a new country.

Through the general ideological mobilization movement for national construction, Comrade Kim Il Sung, while remoulding the thinking and consciousness of the masses and arousing their patriotic zeal, appealed to the entire people to display the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance to successfully carry out economic construction, breaking through the manifold difficulties and hardships.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"...Destroyed factories, dislocated transport facilities, ruined agriculture, the treasury with nothing but account-books—this was all that we took over from Japanese imperialism. With us, many things are lacking and difficulties are great. At present we are struggling to build a new country under very hard circumstances, bearing the destiny of the whole nation on our shoulders. We must therefore turn out what we do not have, and put up with the shortage, and break through all the hardships with clenched teeth."

The principle of self-reliance, being a revolutionary principle which he had been firmly adhering to since the early days of his revolutionary struggle, was a source of great strength and priceless spiritual wealth, which made it possible to surmount all the difficulties and trials and guarantee the victory of our revolution.

Later, Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"Self-reliance is a thoroughly revolutionary stand for a people to accomplish the revolution in their country basically by relying on their own internal forces, it is an independent stand to construct their country by their own labour and with their domestic natural resources."

He taught that only when the revolutionary position of self-reliance was abided by, was it possible to continue the struggle without losing the revolutionary constancy in any complex situation, to assure victory in the revolutionary struggle by valiantly tiding over all difficulties and bottlenecks, and enlist the strength of one's people and the internal resources of one's country to the maximum.

In wholehearted response to the appeal of the Leader, the entire working people devoted all their wisdom and stamina to the struggle for the rehabilitation and development of the national economy.

Comrade Kim Il Sung actively organized and mobilized the keyed-up patriotic enthusiasm and creative ability of the masses to the fulfilment of the national economic plans.

Comrade Kim Il Sung personally guided the Hwanghae Iron Works, Kangson Steel Plant and other major factories and enterprises on the spot, and taught the methods of work to the functionaries, consulted the workers on practical measures and settled knotty problems, and saw to it that emulation drives for increased production were organized and unfolded extensively among the working masses.

Immensely inspired by the appeal of Comrade Kim Il Sung and his on-the-spot guidance, the entire working people achieved such brilliant successes as fulfilling both annual plans (for 1947 and 1948) ahead of schedule and, then, carrying out the two-year national economic plan for 1949-1950 by the first half of 1950 in the main. As a result, the national economy in the northern half of the Republic was restored on the whole and the pre-liberation level was surpassed in a number of branches of production.

Of industry the state sector accounted for over 90 per cent, and the building of the engineering industry and light industry was started. As agricultural production increased, the northern half turned from a food-short zone into a zone self-sufficient in provisions. Farm-machine hire stations and state agro-stock farms were set up in some areas, and thus more favorable conditions were created for further developing the productive forces of agriculture in future. In this way, big successes were made in laying the foundations of an independent national economy, and the livelihood of the people was also improved markedly.

While building up firmly the revolutionary democratic base of the northern half politically and economically, Comrade Kim Il Sung organized and directed the building of the people's armed forces to safeguard the people's democratic system and to guarantee with arms the victory of the revolution.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, on the basis of his personal experiences of building up revolutionary armed forces in the days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, exerted himself to found the people's armed forces from immediately after the liberation, perspicaciously looking ahead through the vistas of the development of the revolution, under the circumstances in which our country was faced with the U.S. imperialists, the chieftain of world reaction, and, particulary, the U.S. imperialists were manoeuvring to turn the whole of Korea into their colony.

Resolutely beating back the slanders of the anti-Party elements who were loudly bandying about, "What is the use of having armed forces when the country is not yet unified?" and all their obstructive manoeuvres, he established the Pyongyang Institute, the Central Security Cadres' School and security cadres' training centres right after the liberation, and trained military and political cadres.

On the basis of such preparations, Comrade Kim Il Sung founded the Korean People's Army in February 1948 with those revolutionary fighters whom he himself had brought up amidst the flames of the anti-Japanese armed struggle as its backbone and with best sons and daughters of the workers and the peasants.

With the foundation of the Korean People's Army, a modern regular armed force, which is the direct continuer of the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle, the Korean people came to have their own revolutionary armed forces which would reliably defend the revolutionary gains from the encroachment of the enemy and guarantee the final victory of the Korean revolution.

This was a splendid embodiment of Comrade Kim Il Sung's line of self-defence and a great victory won by the Korean people in building a new country.

After the founding of the people's armed forces Comrade Kim Il Sung, with a view to reinforcing them politically and ideologically and in military techniques and strengthening and developing them into an a-match-for-a-hundred revolutionary army, sent numerous fine cadres to the army to intensify military and political training and increase combat readiness and, at the same time, organized and directed the campaign of assisting the People's Army in an all-people movement. As a result, the People's Army was strengthened and developed into an invincible revolutionary armed force equipped with the traditional traits of unity between officers and men and between the army and the people, as the army of the Workers' Party of Korea armed firmly with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, infinitely loyal to the Leader and ablaze with animosity against the enemy.

At the Second Congress of the North Korean Workers' Party convened in March 1948, Comrade Kim Il Sung extensively reviewed the activities of the Party since its Inaugural Congress, set forth the policy of independently unifying the country, and the tasks of further strengthening the revolutionary democratic base of the northern half and of cementing the Party ranks qualitatively, thereby clearly indicating the road to be followed by our Party and people.

In his report to the Congress Comrade Kim Il Sung advanced, above all, the line of unifying the country on an independent, democratic principle to cope with the situation where the danger of national split was increased by the U.S. imperialists.

Comrade Kim Il Sung also set the task of further strengthening the revolutionary democratic base of the northern half, the material guarantee for the unification of the country, and stressed the need to concentrate all the efforts of the Party on economic construction.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"The present situation in our country demands not only that our Party should become a party capable of organizing and politically leading the masses, but also that it should become a party of builders able to build the economy and manage enterprises and possessing knowledge of economics and technology."

Also, Comrade Kim Il Sung taught that for the qualitative consolidation of the Party ranks it was necessary to strengthen the cells of the Party, its basic organizations, and properly bring up the cores of the cells, improve the work of personnel administration, intensify the ideological education of the Party members, and, particularly, to keep waging the struggle against factionalism energetically.

The report of Comrade Kim Il Sung delivered at the Second Congress of the North Korean Workers' Party became a combat programme for the entire Party membership and people in the work of unifying the country independently, strengthening the revolutionary democratic base of the northern half of the Republic, and of cementing the Party qualitatively.

(THE PYONGYANG TIMES)

"Korean and Chinese Peoples Who Have Undergone Trials Together and Won Together Will Withstand Trials Together and Win Together Forever"

—Joint Editorial of Rodong Sinmun, Minju Choson and Choson Inmingun—

PYONGYANG, Oct. 25 (KCNA)—Rodong Sinmun, Minju Chosŏn and Choson Inmingun (Korean People's Army Daily) carried a joint editorial today headlined "Korean and Chinese Peoples Who Have Undergone Trials Together and Won Together Will Withstand Trials Together and Win Together Forever" marking the 20th anniversary of the entry of the Chinese People's Volunteers into the Korean War.

The joint editorial reads in full:

Today our people and the officers and men of the People's Army mark the 20th anniversary of the entry of the Chinese People's Volunteers into the Korean War in the grandiose circumstances in which the whole country is seething with the great revolutionary upsurge with the historic 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea at hand.

On this day the Korean people and the officers and men of the People's Army extend the warmest militant greetings to the fraternal Chinese people and the fighters of the Chinese People's Liberation Army, their glorious armed forces.

The Chinese people's friendship delegation arrived in Pyongyang on the 23rd to attend events to be held in our country on the occasion of this significant day. We are warmly welcoming with the feeling of fraternal friendship the Chinese people's friendship delegation, a mission of friendship sent by the Chinese people.

Twenty years ago when our people were undergoing a grim trial owing to the brigandish armed invasion of the U.S. imperialists, the fraternal Chinese people organized the volunteers with their fine sons and daughters and sent them to the Korean front, holding high the banner of resisting U.S. aggression and aid in Korea.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of our people, said that the entry of the Chinese People's Volunteers into the Korean War was an expression of disinterested proletarian internationalism shown by the fraternal Chinese people for the Korean people and a manifestation of the internationalist solidarity between the Korean and Chinese peoples in the cause of defending peace and security in the world, peace and security in the Far East in particular.

Indeed, the entry of the Chinese People's Volunteers into the Korean War was a true revolutionary support and aid of the fraternal Chinese people who helped our people with their blood in the arduous period and a living example of lofty proletarian internationalism.

At that time the Chinese people who just won victory in the protracted revolution were faced with the very important task to consolidate the victory of the revolution and build a new society and lying ahead of them were numerous difficulties which have to be undergone in the early days of the founding of state.

But the fraternal Chinese people, in disregard of all these difficulties, rose up as one in the sacred cause for crushing the common enemy, helping our people with a lofty revolutionary will to share life and death and a common destiny with our people.

Comrade Mao Tse-tung, the great Leader of the Chinese people, sending the Chinese People's Volunteers, taught the commanders and fighters of the volunteers to respect the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean Government, the Korean people and the Leader of the Korean people as their country and their Party, their people and their Leader, and love and cherish every mountain and river and every blade of grass and tree in Korea.

The fighters of the Chinese People's Volunteers who rushed to the Korean front loved the Korean people guided by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, as their real parents and brothers and sisters and defended together with the Korean People's Army every inch of Korean soil at the risk of their lives, thereby brilliantly implementing the teachings of Comrade Mao Tse-tung, their respected and beloved Leader.

In the days of the three-year Fatherland Liberation War the fighters of the Chinese People's Volunteers heroically fought and performed immortal exploits in battles, displaying the lofty self-sacrificing revolutionary spirit that though the enemy bullet may deprive them of their lives it cannot deprive the Korean brothers of their lives and unexampled valor. The fighters of the Chinese People's Volunteers also saved our old men and children braving danger under the barbaric indiscriminate bombing of U.S. imperialism, looked after war refugees, saving their army provisions, and ploughed fields and sowed seeds together with peasants in the moonlit nights. Indeed, in all heights and rivers, villages and towns of our country where the fighters of the Chinese People's Volunteers fought, immortal stories are handed down like a legend about numerous sons and daughters of the Chinese people including Huang Chi-kuang and Lo Sheng-chiao, who sacrificed their lives to silence the enemy pill-boxes and open the road of march and to protect the lives of our parents and brothers and sisters.

And our people loved and looked after the fighters of the Chinese People's Volunteers as their kith and kin, some saving wounded fighters of the volunteers, covering the enemy bullets with their bodies. The fighters of our People's Army fought shoulder to shoulder with the fighters of the Chinese People's Volunteers in the same trench, sharing even a cup of water with them.

The Korean people and the Chinese people, fighting in unity in this way, eventually crushed with success the brigandish aggression of the allied forces of world reaction headed by U.S. imperialism and won a great victory in the Korean War, exploding the myth about the "mightiness" of U.S. imperialism.

After the war, too, the fraternal Chinese people rendered great aid to us in the struggle for the rehabilitation and development of the national economy. The true internationalist aid and cooperation exhibited between the Korean and Chinese peoples in the struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the common enemy, will shine forever in the annals of Korea and China. Stories about the undying exploits made by the sons and daughters of the Chinese people in our country will be cherished forever, together with the feeling of indestructible friendship with the Chinese people, in the hearts of the Korean people.

Indeed, the peoples of Korea and China demonstrated to the whole world in the struggle against the aggression of U.S. imperialism the indestructible friendship and solidarity which they had developed, going through trials together and fighting together against the common enemy, and the might of the friendship and solidarity.

The beautiful trait of friendship and solidarity, mutual support and cooperation and the revolutionary and comradely relations between the Korean and Chinese peoples have a long historical root. The peoples of the two countries with a river between them not only fought together against the U.S. imperialists but fought together in the past against the Japanese imperialist aggressors, the common enemy.

In the period of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and guided by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our people, the Communists of Korea fought shoulder to shoulder with the Chinese people, taking up arms in their hands against the Japanese imperialists, the brigands, and always shared life and death, weal and woe with the Chinese people in the long-drawn arduous struggle.

Such friendship and solidarity, mutual support and cooperation between the Korean and Chinese peoples sealed and have been cemented and developed in the long-drawn revolutionary struggles against the common enemies under the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism, the banner of the anti-imperialist struggle, are a brilliant example in the revolutionary struggle of the people against imperialism and for the attainment of national independence and for sociatism.

The solidarity formed between the peoples of Korea and China is based on the common goal and lofty internationalist spirit: it has been sealed in blood in the flames of the protracted revolutionary struggles against the common enemies and has withstood the trials of history. Therefore, it is a fraternal and comradely, militant and revolutionary solidarity, which nothing can break.

Comrade Mao Tse-tung, the great Leader of the Chinese people and close comrade-in-arms of the Korean people, said as follows:

"...The Chinese people will resolutely march forever shoulder to shoulder with the Korean people and struggle hard to finally defeat the U.S. imperialist aggressors."

These words of Comrade Mao Tse-tung are revolutionary support to our revolutionary cause and greatly inspire our people.

Today the Korean people boundlessly treasure the constantly strengthening and developing friendship and solidarity between the peoples of Korea and China and are very satisfied with the consistent strengthening, and development of the relations of friendship and cooperation between the two countries.

Today, marking the 20th anniversary of the entry of the Chinese People's Volunteers into the war, our people renew the firm determination to continue in future, too, as in the past, to defend the friendship and solidarity between the two countries and fight together to the end in firm unity with the fraternal Chinese people in the struggle against U.S. and Japanese imperialism and all reactionaries in whatever circumstances, under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution.

The peoples of Korea and China who have undergone trials together and won together will withstand trials together and win together forever in the future, too.

Today the situation in our country and Asia has grown extremely tense owing to the frantic aggressive machinations of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys.

To save themselves from the imminent doom the heinous U.S. imperialists, while stepping up unscrupulously the manoeuvres of aggression and war in all parts of the world, are directing the spearhead of aggression particularly at Asia and intensifying the war machinations against the revolutionary peoples of Asia.

The U.S. imperialists, far from drawing a proper lesson from their ignominious defeat in the Korean War, refuse to give up their aggressive ambition against Korea and are frantic in the manoeuvres for the provocation of a new war against the Korean people. The frenzied war rackets and all the aggressive machinations of the U.S. imperialists today in South Korea bear a close resemblance to the situation 20 years ago when the scoundrels were running wild to unleash an aggressive war in Korea. Owing to the ever intensified machinations of the U.S. imperialists to provoke a new war, a very grave situation has been created today in our country, in which a war may be unleashed again by the scoundrels at any moment.

The U.S. imperialists are also persisting in their provocations against the Chinese people to realize their aggressive aim against the People's Republic of China, occupying Taiwan Province and keying up the tension in the strait there. Along with this, the U.S. imperialists are further intensifying the aggressive war in Vietnam, talking about the so-called "Vietnamization" of the war and the like, expanding the "special war" against the Laotian people and stepping up the brigandish armed invasion of Cambodia.

In opposing the Asian peoples in this way the U.S. imperialists are putting up the signboard of the so-called "new Asian policy" and employing all sorts of vicious schemes to drive out the Japanese militarists as the "shock force" in Asian aggression.

The Japanese militarists are rapidly increasing their military strength and getting feverish for overseas aggression in a foolish attempt to realize their old dream of "Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere" at the cost of their active service to the sinister war policy of U.S. imperialism designed to invade Asia.

Of late, in particular, the Japanese militarists, acting upon the Nixon-Sato "joint statement," revised for the worse the U.S.-Japan "security pact," an aggressive military treaty, and "automatically extended" it and are openly clamouring for overseas dispatch of the Japanese aggression army and, at the same time, are speeding up preparations for aggression against Korea, China and the revolutionary peoples of Asia, while drawing up the fourth "defence plan," more than double the third "defence plan," reinforcing the militarist aggression armed forces on a large scale and trying hard even to possess nuclear weapons.

All the manoeuvres stepped up by the U.S imperialists in the Asian region show that the scoundrels are hard at work to crush the anti-imperialist revolutionary forces of Asia one by one by whipping together the Japanese militarist forces and other satellite countries and puppets of Asia and strengthening the counter-revolutionary offensive against the revolutionary peoples of Asia.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean people, taught as follows:

"Under such circumstances, we consider that it is of very great importance for the revolutionary countries in this area to strengthen their common front against U.S. imperialism....

If the peoples of various Asian countries making revolution, including Cambodia, Laos, Vietnam, China and Korea, form a common front and join in dealing collective blows at U.S. imperialism, they can knock it down and firmly ensure the victory of our common cause."

It is a powerful guarantee for accelerating the victory of the revolutionary cause that the peoples of Asian countries making revolution strengthen militant solidarity and form a common front of the anti-U.S. struggle under the revolutionary banner of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle at a time when U.S. imperialism is directing the spearhead of aggression at Asia.

When the revolutionary peoples of Asia unite to form a common front of the anti-U.S. struggle and mount a powerful attack on U.S. imperialism, all the manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism for aggression and war will surely be smashed and U.S. imperialism will finally be defeated in Asia in the end.

It is natural that today the revolutionary peoples of Asia including the Korean, Chinese, Vietnamese, Laotian and Cambodian peoples have formed and are consolidating a common front of the anti-U.S. struggle in face of the ever more undisguised aggressive schemes of the U.S. imperialists.

Holding high the revolutionary banner of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle, the Korean people will unite in the future, too, with the brotherly Chinese people and, at the same time, firmly unite with the revolutionary peoples of Asia including the Vietnamese, Laotian and Cambodian peoples and continuously and resolutely fight against the reactionaries of Asia headed by U.S. imperialism.

Asia of today is not the Asia of yesterday and the Korean and Chinese peoples of today are different from what they were in the past.

Rallied rock-firm around Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, our people have turned the northern half of the Republic into an impregnable fortress with the solid foundations of an independent national economy and the all-people defence system by thoroughly embodying his great idea of *Juche* in all domains and are making, on this basis, full preparations to counter any aggression of the enemy, continually and energetically pushing ahead with economic construction and defence buildup.

Today the fraternal Chinese people under the leadership of the Communist Party of China with their great Leader Comrade Mao Tse-tung as its Leader and his close comrade-in-arms Comrade Lin Piao as its deputy leader have further strengthened the economic power and defence capacity of the country through the great proletarian cultural revolution and are resolutely struggling to liberate Taiwan.

If the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists, failing to look straight at reality and obsessed with their aggressive ambition, provoke a reckless war of aggression against the peoples of Korea and China, they will be burned to death in the flames they kindle themselves by the united strength of the Korean and Chinese peoples.

Under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, the Korean people will continue to vigorously fight in firm unity to resolutely smash the U.S. imperialists' manoeuvres for the provocation of a new war, firmly defend the gains of the revolution and accomplish the historic cause of national unification and will discharge their national and international duties.

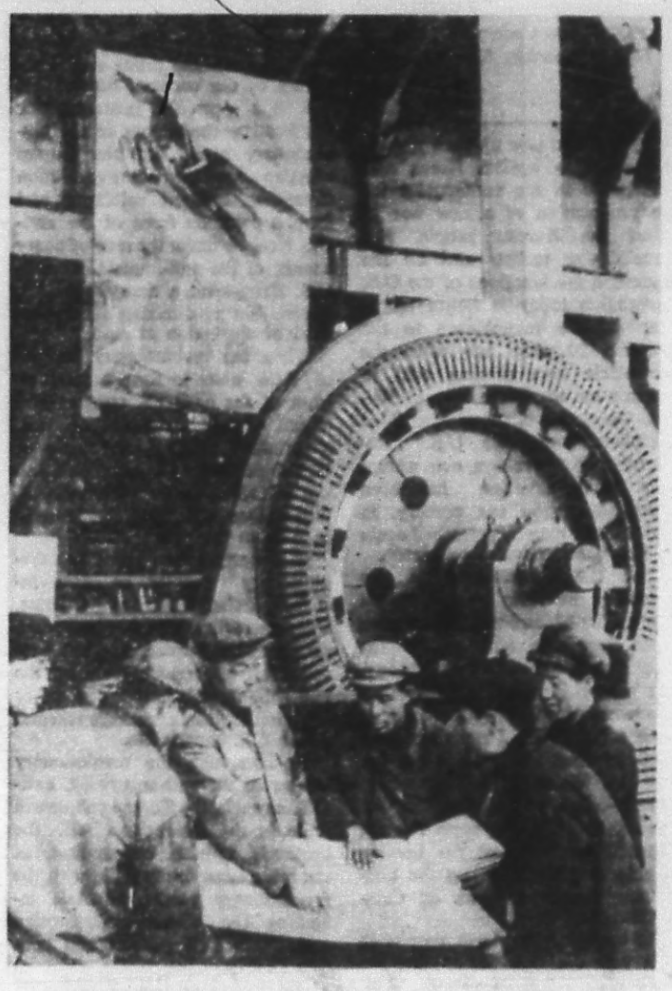
Long live the ever-lasting militant friendship and solidarity sealed in blood between the peoples of Korea and China!

Proud Gifts to 5th Congress Working People

The entire people in the northern half of the DPRK are raising higher the flames of innovations by vigorously racing ahead at "Kangson speed," a new Chollima speed, to meet the historic 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea with high political enthusiasm and brilliant achievements in labour.

As already reported, a large number of heroic working people at various kinds of factories and enterprises have hit with flying colors their Seven-Year Plan targets and yearly plans as gifts of loyalty to the Party Congress. The ranks of victors who have successfully fulfilled their Seven-Year Plan assignments are daily expanding with the 5th Party Congress at hand.

The heroic Korean working people guided by the great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung are making signal achievements in succession in all parts of the country, not content in the least with the already attained successes.



Workers and technicians of the Chollima Taean Electric Machine Factory are shown utilizing their collective wisdom to bring about innovations in production. They hit their Seven-Year Plan targets on Sep. 24.

Many 7-Year Plan Targets Hit

At Wonsan Fishery Office

A report of proud victory came from the Wonsan Fishery Office, a leading fishery base on the east coast of the DPRK, with the 5th Congress of the glorious WPK at hand.

The Red fishermen of the fishery office infinitely loyal to the respected and beloved Leader successfully carried out the Seven-Year Plan as of Oct. 21 at 196.4 per cent in industrial output value and 129.9 per cent in marine products, of which fish catch at 123.7 per cent.

During the period of fulfilment of the plan the fishermen dashed forward like the wind with a single-hearted desire to repay the deep benevolence and solicitude of the fatherly Leader with loyalty and increased aquatic output by an average of 54 per cent every year.

At Kim Jong Tae Electric Locomotive Factory

The Kim Jong Tae Electric Locomotive Factory, one of the powerful railway transport machine building bases of the DPRK, scored proud successes by carrying out the Seven-Year Plan assignments at 116.5 per cent as of Oct. 20 with the historic 5th Congress of the WPK just at hand.

During the period of fulfilling the plan the workers of the factory overshot their goal in major indices—by 62.7 per cent in the production of electric locomotives, 138.3 per cent in the repair of electric and steam locomotives, 8.8 per cent in the repair of freight cars and 14.8 per cent in the production of accessory parts.

Forestry Workers

The forestry workers throughout the country, who are vigorously racing ahead at "Kangson speed," a new Chollima speed, to meet the 5th Congress of the mother Party with high political enthusiasm and brilliant achievements in labour, won a proud victory by carrying out this year's plan at 100.2 per cent as of Oct. 26.

With this they effected the innovation of increasing timber output by 20 per cent and sawing by 27 per cent as against the same period last year and overshooting the Seven-Year Plan by 60 per cent.

The forestry workers throughout the country, by creditably overfulfilling their vast plan, have made a great contribution to expediting production and construction with rapidity in the mining industry, construction and all other branches of the national economy and enhancing the people's living standards.

Yearly Plans Hit

The February 26 Factory, one of the powerful machine building bases of the DPRK, fulfilled the yearly plan at 100.1 per cent on Oct. 20.

The workers and technicians of the factory who fulfilled the Seven-Year Plan earlier have miracu-

(Continued from page 1)

branches of the national economy with up-to-date techniques, and radically enhance the material and cultural standards of the entire people, and thus conquer the high peak of socialism."

The WPK has firmly upheld and fulfilled the revolutionary line on undertaking economic construction and defence buildup in parallel as set forth by Marshal Kim Il Sung. All the domains of economic construction and defence buildup have shown immense results.

The struggle to powerfully push ahead with socialist industrialization and technical revolution has led to a further consolidation of the foundations of the independent national economy. The heavy industries with machine-building as its mainstay have been further streamlined and modernized and their production capacity radically increased. The solid foundations of light industries have been constructed in order to fully meet the increasing demand of the people for consumption goods. As a result, the economy has extensively been developed and its size expanded. Industry has maintained a high rate of growth.

The technical, cultural and ideological revolutions have been carried out with great success in the countryside in line with the road indicated in the **"Theses on the Socialist Agrarian Question in Our Country"** whose author is Marshal Kim Il Sung. Agricultural production has grown every year. The countryside has been converted into a developed and cultural socialist one—an object of world-wide admiration.

National income has sharply increased as a result of the implementation of the popular policies of the WPK which are oriented by Marshal Kim Il Sung's love and solicitude for people. The independent national economy has guaranteed this increase in national income. The people's living conditions have been greatly improved, while the prices have sharply gone down.

Today, the people in the northern half are leading a happy life without any worries about food, clothing, housing, medical treatment and education of their children. They have no reason to envy other peoples.

The cultural revolution is successfully progressing.

The nine-year universal compulsory technical education is now in force. Technology and science is rapidly developing. Socialist culture and art are in full bloom. The WPK has carried out the prophylactic line with thoroughness.

The WPK has devoted great energy to defence buildup in the face of the frantic new war provocation maneuvers of the U.S imperialists and beefed up national defences.

All these facts eloquently bespeak that the DPRK has emerged as a mighty socialist power with independent politics, a self-sustenant national economy, brilliant national culture and impregnable defences. This is entirely attributable to the great *Juche* ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

The period under review has seen notable progress in the South Korean revolution and the struggle to promote the reunification of the fatherland.

Today, the South Korean revolution and patriotic people are looking up to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, as the sun of the nation. Upholding his strategic and tactical lines on the South Korean revolution and national reintegration, they are vigorously undertaking anti-U.S., national salvation struggles despite the enemy's ruthless suppression. The South Korean revolutionaries organized the Revolutionary Party for Reunification and announced its programme and manifesto. The great revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, are the only guiding principle of this Party. The strong main force of the revolution is being formed. The broader-based revolutionary forces are being united. They are preparing themselves to struggle to take power in their hands.

The WPK has struggled for the victory of the Korean revolution as a national contingent of the international revolutionary ranks and done everything within its power to strengthen the international solidarity of the Korean revolution and helped develop the world revolution as a whole.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, a great Marxist-Leninist and a brilliant Leader of the revolution scientifically analyzed the current international situation and the actual conditions of the international revolutionary movement and used this analysis to prepare the most correct road for the development of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle and the world revolution. Marshal Kim Il Sung presented the following: the basic strategy of the world revolution calling for directing the spearhead of struggle to U.S. imperialism, the line on organizing anti-U.S. international joint action and anti-U.S. united front, the strategy of struggle designed to bind U.S. imperialism hand and foot everywhere in the world and give blows to it and urge all countries making revolution to mount joint attack on U.S. imperialism and dismember it, the revolutionary principles of the unity of the socialist countries and the cohesion of the international communist movement and ways and means of materializing them. These are commanding the absolute support and sympathy of countless communists and revolutionary peoples the world over and are exerting a great revolutionary influence on the advancement of the international revolutionary cause.

The great victories and achievements the Workers' Party of Korea has registered in the revolution and construction plus its outstanding contribution rendered toward the development of the world revolution have remarkably enhanced its international prestige and strengthened its influence.

CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) has chalked up brilliant results in its work during the period from the 4th WPK Congress to this date thanks to the wise guidance and warm care of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader.

Through the thorough implementation of the teachings of Marshal Kim Il Sung's it has firmly armed all its workers and Korean nationals in this country with the revolutionary ideas of the great Leader and with the revolutionary traditions established by him and rallied them rock-firm behind him. It has become a solid force which will never be shaken in any storm.

CHONGRYUN workers and Korean people in Japan have made energetic efforts to defend their DPRK citizenship and right to existence and ensure their repatriation to the homeland. They have achieved many splendid results in the struggle to defend their democratic, national rights including the right to conduct democratic, national education and freedom of travel to and from the fatherland.

CHONGRYUN has worked hard to translate into practice the programme of the WPK and the DPRK Government for the independent peaceful unification of the country drafted by Marshal Kim Il Sung. In line with the programme it has contributed toward the struggle of the people in the northern and southern halves of the country for earlier accomplishment of the independent unification of the fatherland, the supreme national task.

CHONGRYUN has excellently implemented in its external activities the independent and principled foreign policy of the WPK and the DPRK Government and received active support and encouragement from the Japanese people and the honest-minded peoples of the world and made a great contribution to the enhancement of the international prestige and influence of the DPRK.

All these brilliant exploits are indeed a fruition of the successful application to Party building and socialist construction of the great revolutionary ideas, *Juche* ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, who is a peerless patriot, national hero and an ever-victorious, iron-willed brilliant commander.

So, all the Korean people consider it to be boundless happiness and honour to live, work and struggle under the guidance of Marshal Kim Il Sung who has initiated an age of unprecedented national prosperity, the great era of the Workers' Party. They all are determined to remain single-heartedly loyal to the Leader to the end.

CHONGRYUN workers and Korean nationals in Japan are ready to fulfil the tasks to be advanced by the Congress.

Ever-victorious is the great revolutionary cause of the Korean people who are led by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement.

Long live Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader who founded and has led the ever-victorious Workers' Party of Korea!

Long live the historic 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea!

# of WPK from Heroic Korean Loyal to Leader

lously lifted industrial output in terms of value by 50 per cent over that in the corresponding period last year, by fulfilling the vast plan for this year, 31 per cent above last year's results, ahead of time.

The Red colliers of the Sinchang Coal Mine, the Red miners of the Komdok Mine and the workers of the Hungnam Smeltery also scored a great success of late in carrying out this year's plans.

Fresh Achievements in Machine Building

With the historic 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea just at hand, the workers and technicians of the machine plant and machine factories in various parts of the country, by waging a heroic struggle, have successfully manufactured as presents to the 5th Congress of the Party large-size continuous excavator, 300 h.p. bulldozer, 25-ton-class heavy-duty lorry, 10-metre turning lathe, large-size ship and various other new-type large-size machines, which demonstrate more strikingly the power of the independent machine-building industry.

Upholding the teaching of the respected and beloved Leader, the resourceful working class has built this year a 6,000-ton press shop, large-size kiln at the February 8 Cement Factory, 100,000 kv large-size transformer, 5,000-ton-class large-size refrigerator transport ship "Ponghwa-san" and many other monumental creations in various parts of the country.

Various large-size machines built by the Red machine builders infinitely faithful to the fatherly Leader will further increase the power of the machine-building industry and constitute a great strength in still more expediting the economic construction and defence buildup of the country.

The construction of the May 14 Combined Workshop, which is of epochal significance in the development of ferrous metallurgical industry in the DPRK, was completed with success and its commissioning was announced to the whole world on Oct. 24 with the historic 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea just at hand.

The commissioning of the May 14 Combined Workshop of the Hwanghae Iron Works has further strengthened the independence of the ferrous metallurgical industry and will bring about a new great change in further strengthening the economic power and defence capabilities of the country.

The "May 25" Shop, a new workshop of big importance in the development of magnesia clinker industry in Korea has been built in the factory where Kang Ung Gyom works. A grand commissioning ceremony was held on Oct. 17.

The "May 25" Shop commissioned this time is another monumental, gigantic construction of our age with its vast before- and after-treatment processes, the kiln site being their centre, all of which, including the kiln operation, are equipped with modern technique and in which hygiene and production culture are fully ensured.

Rich Rice and Maize Harvest Reaped

The agricultural working people of the country who are all out in a fierce battle to finish autumn harvesting and thrashing before the 5th Congress of the glorious Party with ardent loyalty to the fatherly Leader registered the innovatory success of completing rice and maize harvesting throughout the country as of Oct. 15.

Following the successful completion of autumn harvesting the rural villages all over the country are now seething with the heated battle for thrashing.

The agricultural working people in different parts of the country, by successfully completing in a short time the harvesting of unprecedentedly bumper crops, once again clearly demonstrated the burning fidelity and high revolutionary spiri of the agricultural working people of the country who are vigorously marching forward in the Chollima spirit, in the spirit each matching a hundred foes, under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

In the autumn harvesting, as in the farming preparation, sowing, rice-transplanting and weeding, the agricultural working people infinitely loyal to the fatherly Leader waged an untiring struggle day and night in "the way the Chongsan-*ri* villagers do," engraving the teachings of the Leader deep on their hearts.

The working people throughout the country turned out to the co-operative fields to help the farmers in their autumn harvesting, in warm response to the call of the fatherly Leader, and assisted the socialist villages with might and main, clearly demonstrating the organized and united strength of the working class.

* * *

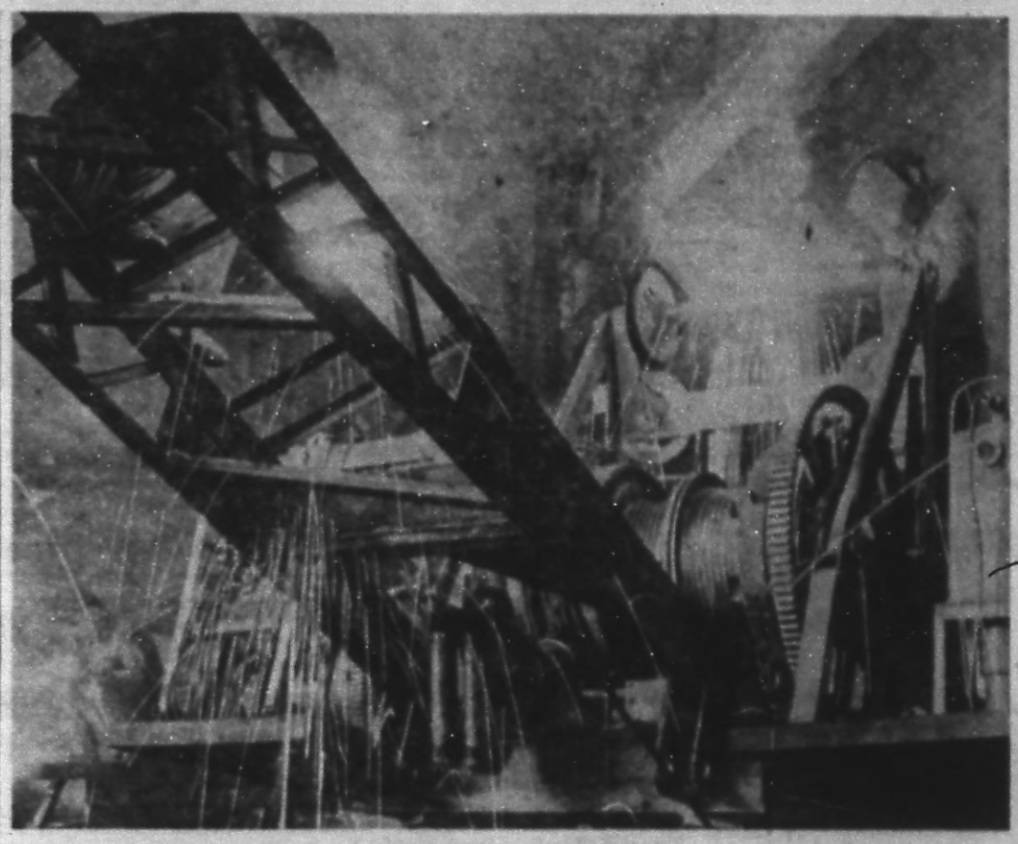
All these proud achievements to be presented to the historic 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea are a fruition of the correct guidance and constant care of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people. They are also an expression of the boundless loyalty of the Korean people to their great Leader. They are firmly determined to carry out his instructions and orders even going through fire and water. They, having realized the correctness of the great Leader's guidance through actual life, are advancing, advancing, fighting and advancing along the one road to victory indicated by him.

Short News From DPRK

* The Government of the DPRK and the Government of the People's Republic of China signed in Peking on Oct. 17 an agreement on Chinese economic and technical aid to Korea and a long-term trade agreement and a trade protocol for 1971.

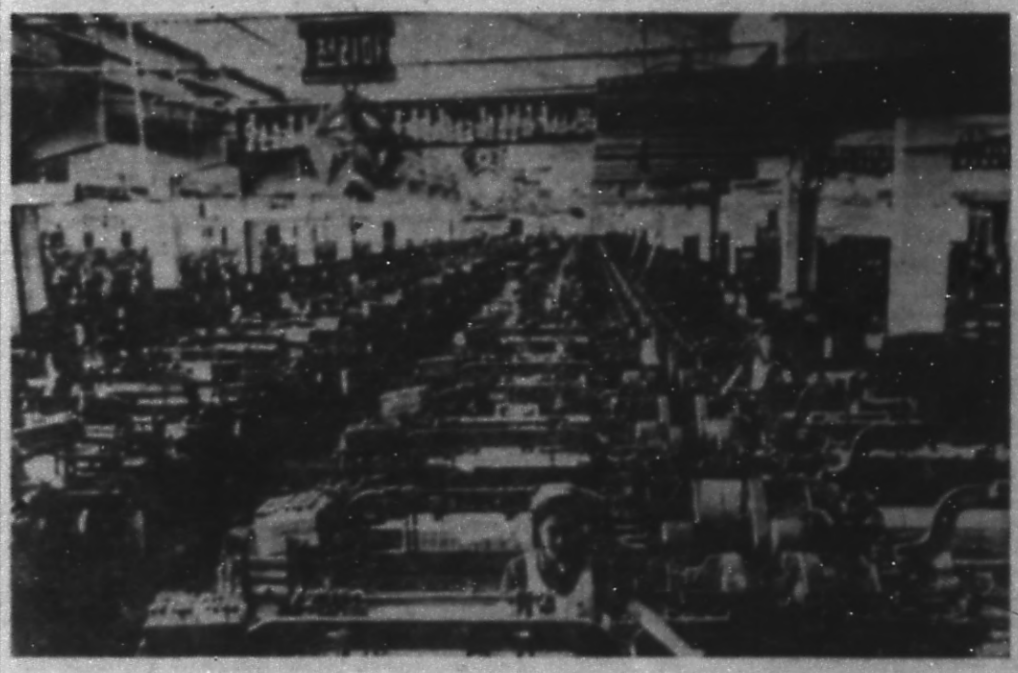
* A cultural exchange plan for 1970-1971 was signed in Pyongyang on Oct. 20 between the Government of the DPRK and the Government of the People's Republic of Albania.

* A protocol on commodity exchange for 1971 was signed in Pyongyang on Oct. 25 between the Government of the DPRK and the Government of the United Arab Republic.



Mining equipment in the making to be dedicated to the 5th WPK Congress as a gift of labour

Small-size diesel generators are trooping from the assembly line. These machines are to help expedite the electrification of the countryside. The Korean letters on the banner read: "Let's Meet the 5th WPK Congress with High Political Zeal and Success in Labour!"



Weavers are mass-producing high-quality textile as a gift of loyalty to the 5th WPK Congress.

DPRK Foreign Ministry Demands DPRK Representative Must Unconditionally Participate in UN Debate on Korean Issue

PYONGYANG, Oct. 26 (KCNA)—The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea on Oct. 25 issued the following statement concerning the draft resolution on unconditionally inviting the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the party concerned, to take part in the discussion of the question on Korea, which was laid before the 25th session of the General Assembly of the United Nations:

In connection with the discussion of the question on Korea at the 25th session of the United Nations General Assembly, the delegates of the socialist countries and many Asian and African countries to the United Nations put forward, on Oct. 23 last, a resolution to invite the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to participate in it unconditionally.

As the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has again made it clear in its statement of Aug. 29, 1970, it has invariably maintained that so long as the question on Korea is discussed at the United Nations, the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the party directly concerned, must naturally participate in it.

The proposal made again recently by the delegates of the socialist countries and many Asian and African countries to invite unconditionally the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to participate in the discussion of the question on Korea at the United Nations conforms to the principles of the United Nations Charter and is entirely just.

The proposal to invite unconditionally the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to participate in the discussion of the question on Korea at the United Nations is arousing support and sympathy from many more countries every year.

Nevertheless, this question has not yet been solved up to date when more than 20 years have elapsed since the question on Korea began to be discussed at the United Nations, owing to the villainous obstructionist maneuvers of U.S. imperialism.

The U.S. imperialists doggedly hamper the participation of the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, speaking about the so-called "conditional invitation."

This comes from the evil scheme of the U.S. imperialists to prevent the United Nations from hearing the voice of the genuine representative of the Korean people and to continue to deceive world public opinion and to cover up the policy of aggression and war they are pursuing in South Korea.

There can never be, from the outset, such a "conditional invitation" manufactured by the U.S. imperialists and it entirely runs counter to the principles of the United Nations Charter.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea always respects the United Nations Charter and its objectives.

If the United Nations really wants to act in conformity to the principles and objectives of its Charter, it must invite unconditionally the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to participate in the discussion of the question on Korea.

As the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has repeatedly elucidated clearly its position, it will never recognize any "resolution" fabricated arbitrarily by the U.S. imperialists at the United Nations against the interests of the Korean people, without the participation and consent of the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and will declare it null and void

DPRK Foreign Ministry Spokesman Condemns Japanese Militarist Moves to Bar Koreans' Free Travel to Homeland

PYONGYANG, Oct. 24 (KCNA)—The spokesman of the Foreign Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued the following statement on Oct. 24 in denunciation of the continued vicious moves of the Japanese militarists to bar the free travel of Korean citizens in Japan to the homeland:

The Japanese militarists are now persisting in their vicious maneuvers to bar the free travel of the Korean citizens in Japan to the fatherland.

As already reported, the congratulatory group of Koreans in Japan which was to attend the celebrations of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the glorious fatherland, made an application on Jul. 23, 1968, to the Japanese authorities for the permit of reentry into Japan after visiting the homeland.

But the Japanese Government turned it down under the absurd pretext that "it disagrees with the state interests" and so on.

The congratulatory group of Koreans in Japan to attend the celebrations of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, filed a suit with the Tokyo District Court demanding the withdrawal of this unjust step by the Japanese Government. The Tokyo District Court, taking this as natural, gave the decision that the Japanese authorities should cancel their refusal to permit the travel of the congratulatory group of Koreans in Japan to the homeland.

Later, the Tokyo High Court passed the same judgement.

But, the Japanese authorities committed the dastardly act of making the Supreme Court of Japan reverse the decision of the Tokyo District and High Courts on Oct. 16, at the end of their persistent attempt to justify their absurd stand.

This is an outrageous encroachment upon the sacred national right of the Korean citizens in Japan and an open challenge to the 600,000 Korean compatriots in Japan who are demanding their freedom of travel to the homeland and the Korean people, Japanese people of broad sections and fair world opinion actively supporting it.

The Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan issued a statement on Oct. 16 denouncing the unwarranted acts of the Japanese authorities and strongly demanding the immediate and full recognition of the freedom of travel of the Korean citizens in Japan to the homeland.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people sternly condemn the criminal acts of the Sato Government of Japan blocking the free travel of the Korean citizens in Japan to their homeland and fully support the Oct. 16 statement of the Central Standing Committee of CHONGRYUN.

It is a question pertaining to the elementary human rights guaranteed by international law and international usage for the overseas citizens to freely travel to their homeland.

The travel to their homeland of the Korean citizens in Japan, the legitimate overseas citizens of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, a powerful and dignified sovereign and independent state, is their sacred national right which nobody is allowed to encroach upon.

Moreover, the Korean citizens in Japan are the people who were forcibly taken to Japan and subjected to all kinds of maltreatment and humiliation, as victims of the Japanese militarist policy of aggression.

Therefore, the Japanese Government is under legal and moral obligations to guarantee all democratic, national rights to the Korean citizens in Japan, including their travel to the fatherland, both in the light of the crime committed against the Korean people in the past and in the light of the publicly recognized international usage and humanitarian viewpoint.

The Japanese Government, however, has been keeping the Korean citizens in Japan in virtual confinement, barring their travel to the fatherland till today, 25 years after the Second World War.

More, the Japanese authorities are imposing the puppet "ROK nationality" and "application for permanent residence" upon the Korean citizens in Japan, wrecking the work of their repatriation to the homeland and incessantly committing subversive activities against CHONGRYUN.

This is a high-handed and impudent criminal act which can never be tolerated.

In persecuting and suppressing the Korean citizens in Japan more harshly with each passing day, the Japanese militarists seek to further step up their reinvasion of South Korea in collusion with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, and intensify the hostile policy against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, while actively serving the U.S. imperialists in the policies of aggression and war.

With no machination, however, can the Japanese militarists bar the route of free travel of the Korean citizens in Japan to the homeland or halt their just struggle for defending the democratic, national rights.

The Japanese Government must stop at once all their criminal maneuvers obstructing the travel of the Korean citizens in Japan to the homeland and ensure unconditionally their democratic, national rights.

If the Japanese militarists, despite the vehement denunciation by the peoples of Korea and Japan and the world progressive people, continue to crudely violate all the democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan, including the free travel to the homeland, they will be held entirely responsible for all the consequences arising from this.

307th MAC Meet Held

DPRK Side Exposes New Material on Sunk U.S. Imperialist Spy Ship "I-2"

KAESONG, Oct. 23 (KCNA)—The 307th Meeting of the Military Armistice Commission was held today in Panmunjom.

At the meeting our side denounced, producing more detailed material discovered recently, the U.S. imperialist aggressors for having illegally infiltrated the armed spy ship "I-2" on Jun. 5 into the coastal waters of our side off Haeju in the West Sea to commit espionage and hostile acts, and called the enemy side to account for this.

The navymen of our People's Army recently salvaged the armed spy ship "I-2" which had been sent to the bottom of the sea by the self-defence measure of the navymen of our People's Army, while perpetrating espionage acts after intruding into the coastal waters of our side off Haeju, and made a detailed investigation of the ship.

According to the investigation, it was further confirmed that the ship is not a 120-ton-class "broadcasting ship" as claimed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors, but a 180-ton-class professional armed spy ship belonging to the "8296 unit of the Naval Intelligence Agency" of the scoundrels and committed espionage acts and hostile provocations on numerous occasions after intruding deep into the coastal waters of our side. Maj. Gen. Han Yong Ok, senior member of our side, fully laid bare the criminal acts of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, producing before the enemy one by one various documents and espionage apparatuses, proving their espionage and hostile acts, which were collected from the armed spy ship.

According to a "report on action" found in the armed spy ship "I-2," which our side showed, the mission of the armed spy ship was "to carry on special espionage against the North" and in one year from 1964 to 1965 alone the armed spy ship "intruded more than 30 times (three times on an average a month)."

The Loran book discovered in the ship contained records showing the ship had intruded into the coastal waters of our side on many occasions and committed espionage acts.

The identification cards of an "intelligence officer" and crewmen collected from the armed spy ship proved that they belonged to the ship reconnaissance corps and all of the scoundrels on board the ship were professional spies.

Our side put before the enemy the wireless transmitters and a telephoto-lenses installed in the armed spy ship and showed various irrefutable photo material and other material evidences which had been used for espionage and hostile acts, such as radar reflector and several 40-mm and 20-mm machine guns.

These espionage acts and sinister hostile provocations of the U.S. imperialist aggressors are not a chance accident but the extension of the incident of the armed spy ship "Pueblo" and the incident of large-size spy plane "EC-121," and a link in their premeditated machinations for the provocation of a new war of aggression in Korea, and are not only a grave aggressive act against the Korean people but also a challenge to peace in Asia and the rest of the world, the senior member of our side declared. He demanded that the enemy side stop at once the aggressive espionage acts and hostile provocations against our side.

At the meeting, Maj. Gen. Han Yong Ok, senior member of our side, protested against grave violations of the armistice agreement the U.S. imperialist aggressors are continuously perpetrating of late against our side in the Demilitarized Zone.

According to the statement of the senior member of our side, the U.S. imperialist aggressors perpetrated provocations of firing into the area of our side over 10 shells from a 57-mm recoilless gun installed near the post of the enemy side south of marker no. 0805 on the Military Demarcation Line at around 19 hours 55 minutes on Oct. 17 and firing again toward the post of our side scores of bullets from a carbine at the same point at around 16 hours 25 minutes on the same day.

All facts, the senior member of our side said with emphasis, clearly show how frenziedly the U.S. imperialist aggressors are trying to unleash a new war of aggression in Korea behind the smokescreen of the deceptive racket of reduction of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops occupying South Korea.

In conclusion, the senior member of our side strongly demanded that the enemy side immediately take out of the DMZ the armoured cars and all other heavy combat equipment illegally introduced into the DMZ, severely punish the prime movers who organized and commanded the provocations against our side and report the results at the next meeting.

The People's Korea

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